SOUTHWEST RESEARCH INSTITUTE®

Fuels and Lubricants Research Division

JASO M343-92 Exhaust System Blocking Test

Specifications

JASO

Objective

 Evaluate the degree of engine output decrease due to deposits of carbon on the exhaust system and other components in relation to a lubricant used in two-stroke cycle engines.

Field Service Simulated

• Two-stroke cycle gasoline engine operation such as motorcycle, utility, and outboard engines.

Test Fixture

- A Suzuki generator SX800R, single-cylinder, forced air-cooled, two-stroke cycle, spark-ignition engine is modified for testing by removing the fuel tank, installing a pressure tap in the reed valve block, and fitting the muffler assembly with exhaust gas temperature and sample taps.
- All baffles and insulation are removed and discarded.

Test Parameters

- A complete test program consists of "A" and "B" tests using two engines running simultaneously, one engine with the candidate lubricant and the other with Jatre reference lubricant.
- Each engine and exhaust system are thoroughly de-carbonized before starting a test.
- The "B" test is conducted by exchanging the lubricants in the engines; i.e., the engine that ran the reference lubricant for the "A" test will run the candidate lubricant for the "B" test.
- The test is conducted using premixed gasoline at 5:1 fuel/lubricant ratio.
- Cycle time is maintained at 90 \pm 45 seconds during the test.
- The exhaust gas CO %, engine speed at 750 W load, and cycle time are established within the first 10 cycles.
- Engines are operated at the following conditions until intake manifold pressure is less than −2.0 kPa:

Test Parts Evaluation

None.

Used Lubricant Analysis

• None.

| Pass | /Fail | Crite | ria |
|------|-------|-------|-----|

- Lubricants in each grade correspond to the following two-stroke cycle lubricants:
 - The FB and EGB grades correspond to lubricants that have high performance in lubricity, but are non-low-smoke type.
 - The FC and EGC grades correspond to lubricants typical of low-smoke type lubricants in the Japanese market.
 - The FD and EGD grades correspond to lubricants that have greater detergency performance as identified in International Standard 13738.

| No Load | 750 W |
|---------|------------------------|
| ~3750 | 3600 |
| Record | > -0.2 |
| 330 | 370 |
| 3.5 | 3.5 |
| | ~3750 Record 330 |

| Grade | Minimum Exhaust Smoke Index | |
|---------|--------------------------------|--|
| FB, EGB | 45 | |
| FC, EGC | 90 | |
| FD, EGD | 90 | |

We welcome your inquiries.

For additional information, please contact:

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