

1st Geothermal Energy Machinery and Systems Workshop

Southwest Research Institute

San Antonio, Texas, November 29-30, 2023

**Enabling Decarbonization using Geothermal Heat –
sCO₂ Brayton Power System & High Temp Heat Pumps**

November 30, 2023

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TharEnergy

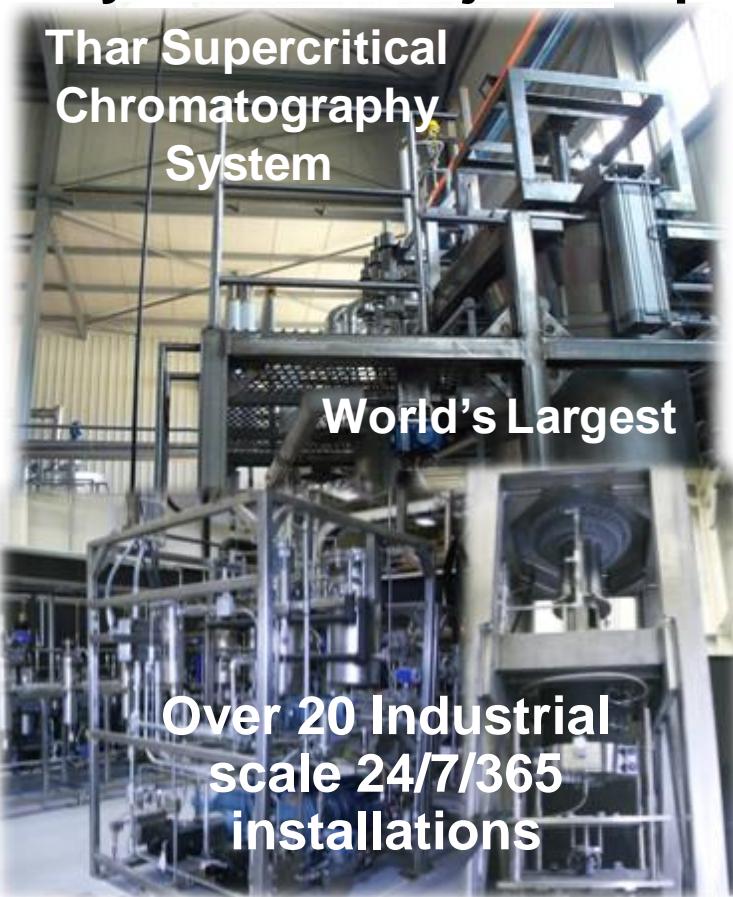
Outline

- **Supercritical Carbon Dioxide (sCO₂) Brayton Power Cycle**
 - Concepts to hardware
 - Component Development/Testing
 - Power Cycle Analysis/Testing
 - Opportunity for **Geothermal** power production
- **sCO₂ High Temperature Heat Pump**
 - Why? What need does it meet?
 - How does it work?
 - How does it enable new **Geothermal** markets?

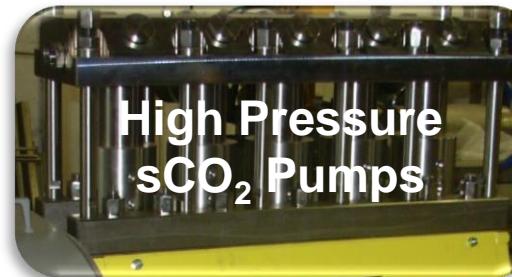
Over 30 years of Innovation with “Green” Supercritical Fluid Technologies

Design and commercialization of supercritical
systems & major components

Thar Supercritical
Chromatography
System



Over 20 Industrial
scale 24/7/365
installations



Over 5,000 scientific
instruments installed

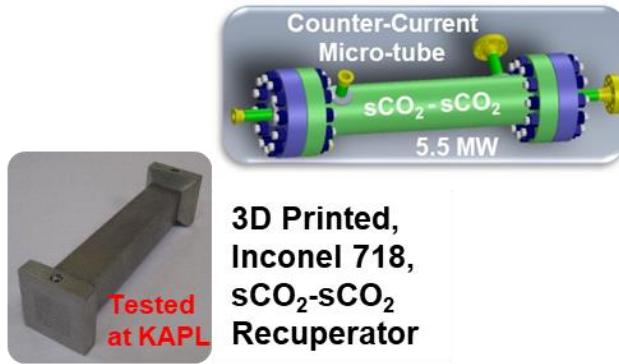
Direct Exchange, R744 (CO₂)
Geothermal Heating & Cooling



Components & Cycle Development *Turning concepts into hardware*

sCO₂ Brayton Power Cycle Development

COMPACT Heat Exchangers for sCO₂ Power Cycles



Design – Construct – Install Primary Heater for Sunshot One MWe sCO₂ Test Loop



Design – Construct – Operate sCO₂ Heat Exchanger Test Loop *Superior Thermal Performance Confirmed*



2014



Design – Construct – Operate Largest GMP sCO₂ Extraction System in USA



Expands into Liquid Chromatography

2015



Oxy Combustion Test Facility
Design – Construct – Operate
Demonstrate auto-combustion



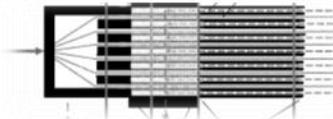
2016



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



Patent - Notice of Allowance
Counter Current Heat Exchanger/Reactor



sold to

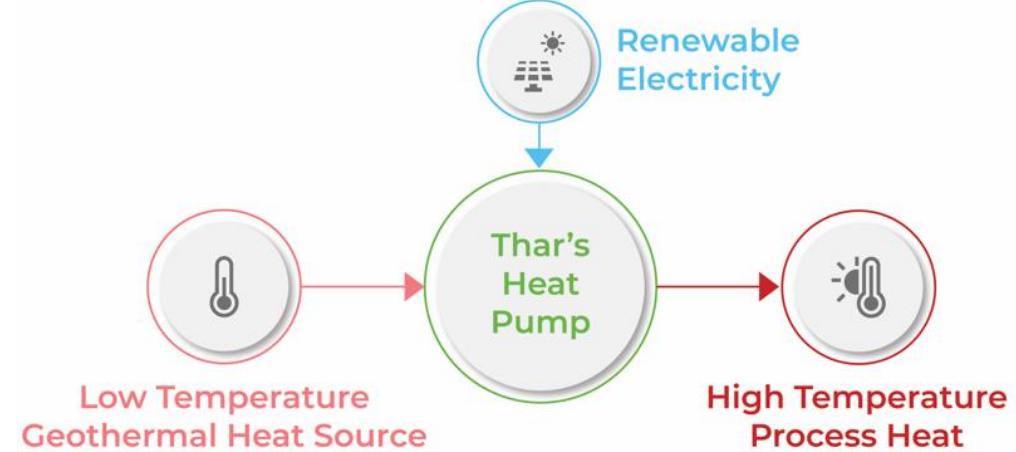
System & Product Development

Geothermal Power

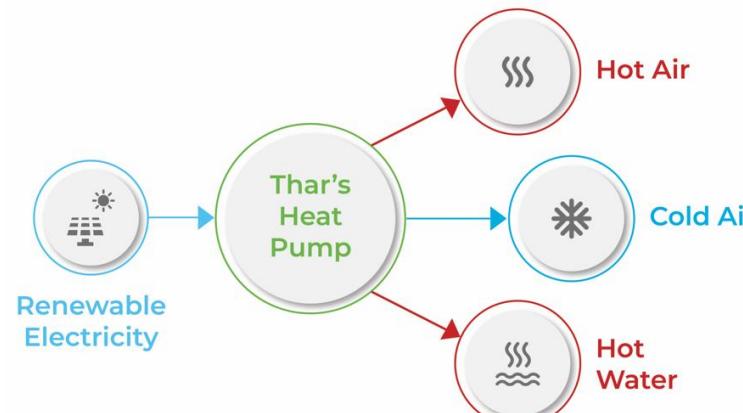
Cost Effective - Efficient - Modular



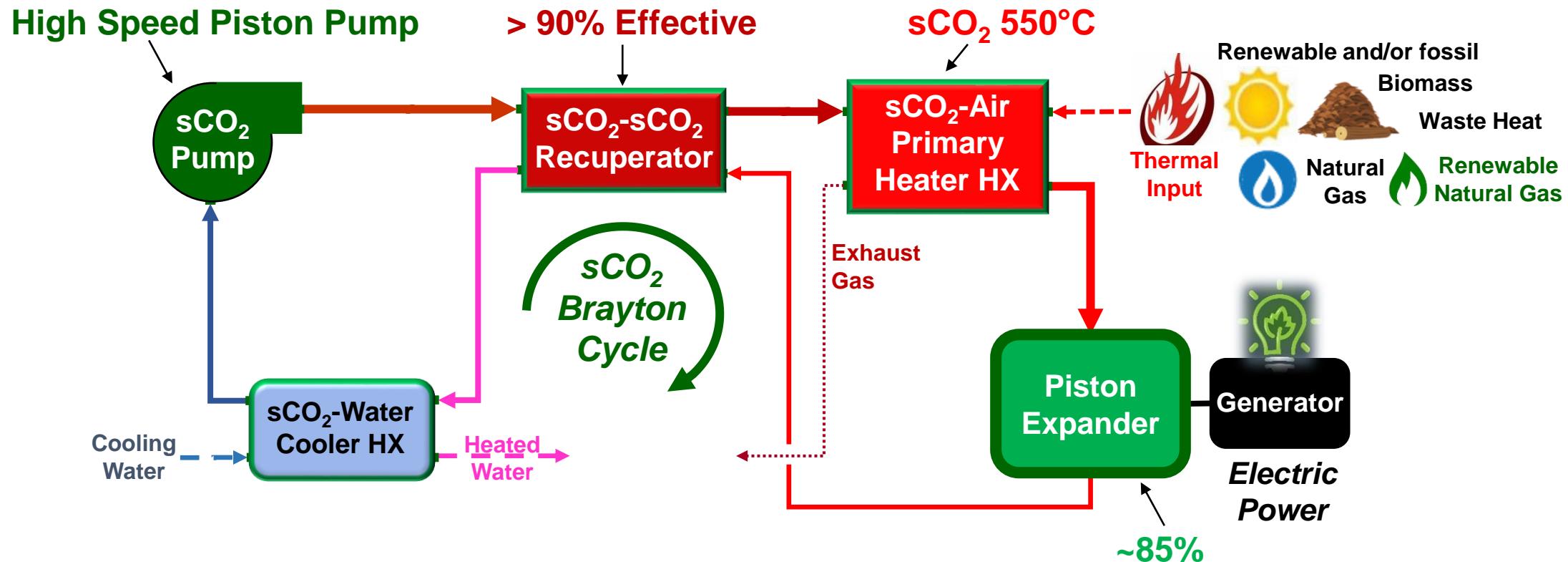
High Temperature Heat Pump



Simultaneous Heating & Cooling



sCO₂ High Temperature Recuperated Brayton Power Cycle System 1-Stage, < 1 MWe



2-Stage System, 800°C EIT
Thermal efficiency > 50%

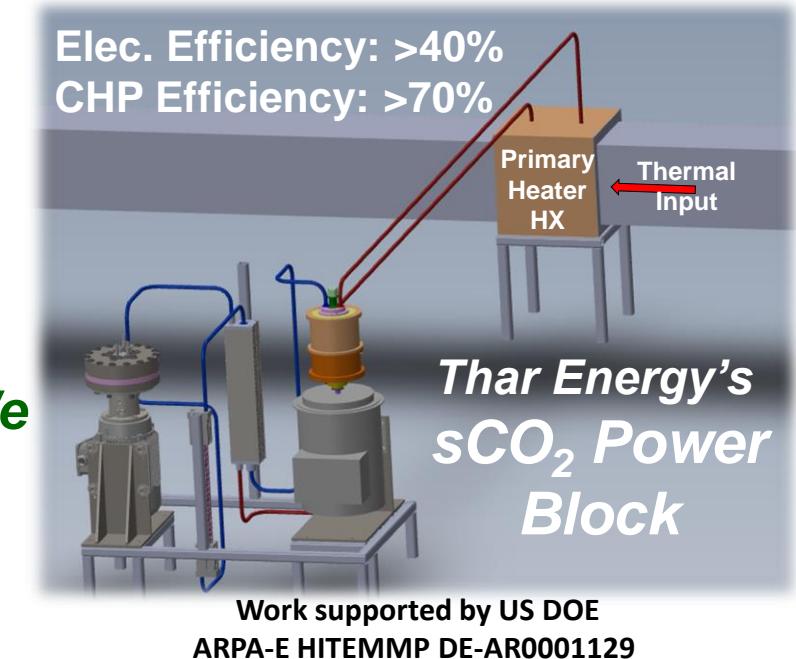
γ' strengthened
Nickel Super-alloys
Haynes 282, Inconel 740H

Work supported by US DOE
ARPA-E HITEMP DE-AR0001129

Business Case

1-Stage System, 550°C EIT – Waste Heat Recovery Market

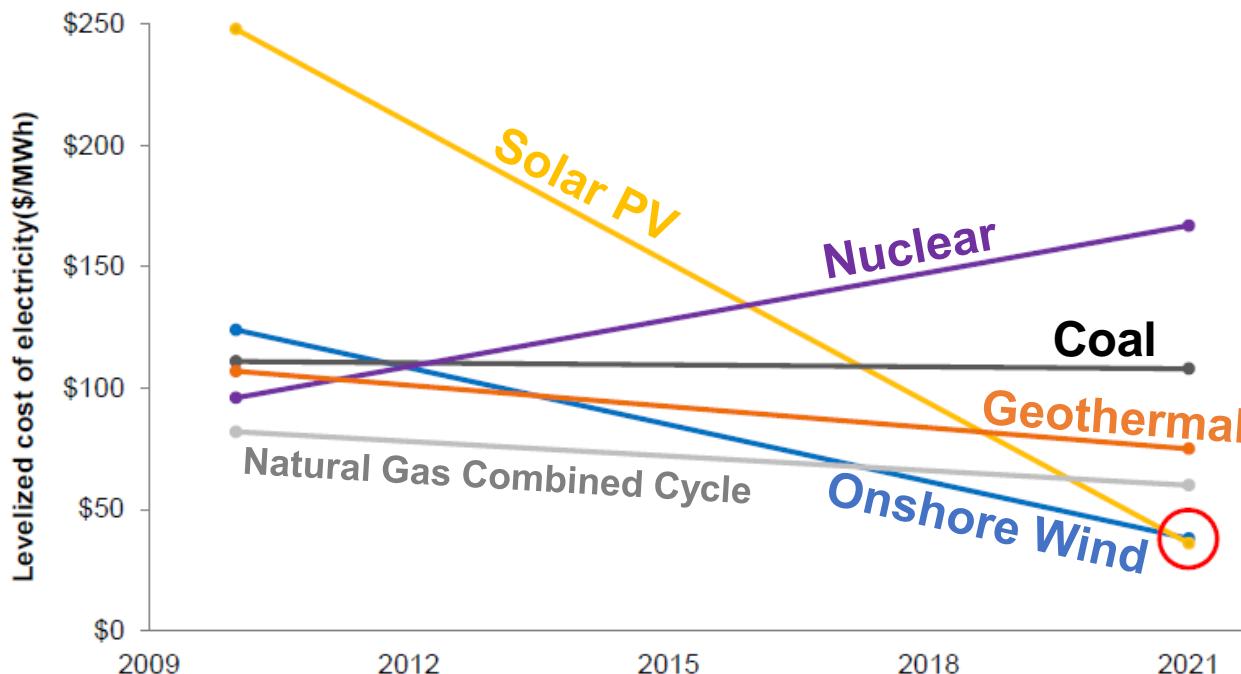
- Electrical cycle efficiency, >40%
- Low operating costs
- Load following
- Reduced carbon footprint
- Payback period under 2 years, assuming constant energy pricing
- Modular, factory fabricated, lower EPC costs
- **200 kWe, 1-stage sCO₂ power block competitive at ~2,100 \$/kWe**



2-Stage System, 800°C EIT – Commercial viability - limited in near term

- Nickel superalloys, required for higher temperature, operation are too expensive
- Added costs offset higher system efficiency

Costs for Wind, Solar Power and Battery have drastically decrease



Ricks, Wilson, Geothermal and the Energy System, Geothermal Rising Conference, Workshop: Synergies with other renewable energies to accelerate geothermal project development, Reno, NV, 8/30/2023

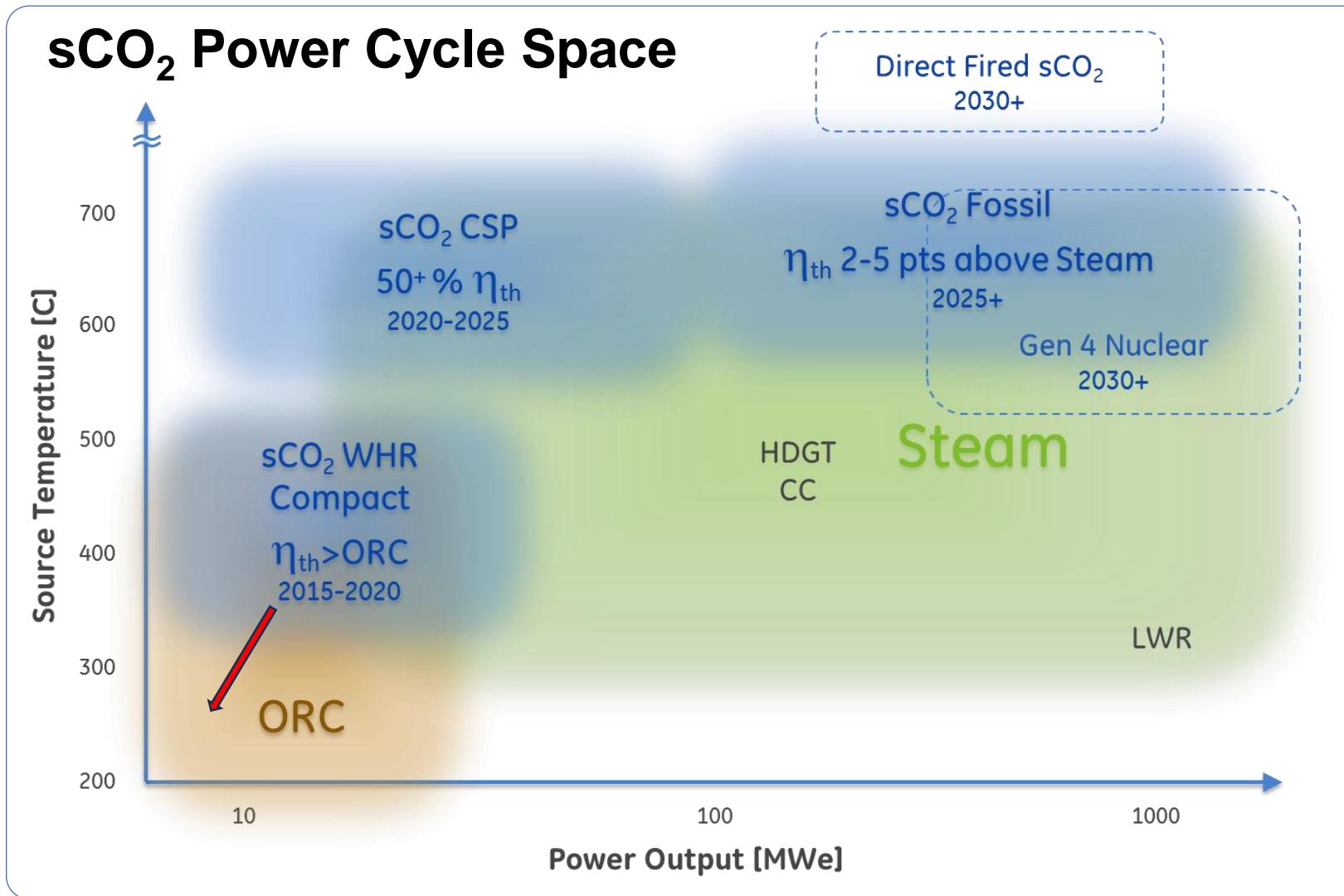
Capital Cost Comparison (\$/kWe)

Technology	Range (\$)		
Solar PV - Utility Scale	825	-	975
Wind (onshore)	1,050	-	1,450
Conventional Geothermal Energy*	4,500	-	6,050
Solar Thermal Tower with Storage*	6,000	-	9,090
Nuclear*	7,675	-	12,500
Natural Gas (Combined Cycle)	700	-	1,250
Coal	2,900	-	6,225

* Baseload/dispatchable energy resource with CO2 “free” steady state operation

<https://www.lazard.com/media/451419/lazards-levelized-cost-of-energy-version-140.pdf>

How to use the sCO₂ Power Cycle for Geothermal Base Load Power?



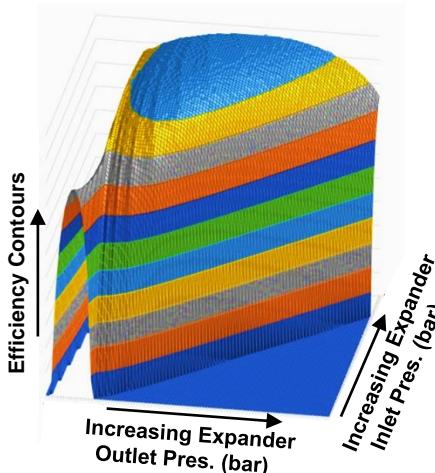
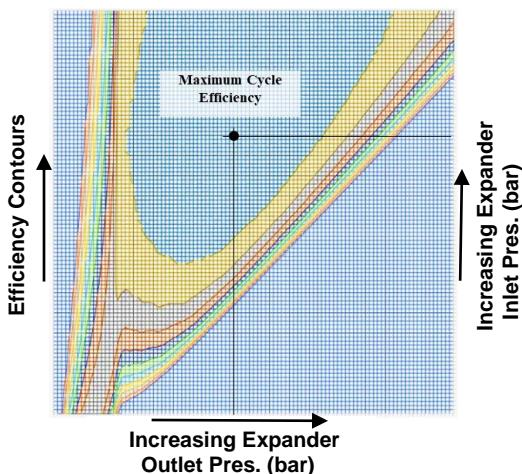
Development of Supercritical CO₂ Power Cycle Applications , The Pathway Forward, IGTI Turbo Expo, Dusseldorf, Germany, June, 19 2014

Geothermal - Renewable Base Load Power

sCO₂ Power Cycle System Analysis

Modeling to optimize performance/cost metrics

- Expander design
- Expander inlet temperature and pressure
- Recuperators designed optimum effectiveness
- Gas Coolers - air or water cooled
- Cycles designed to reduce compression work

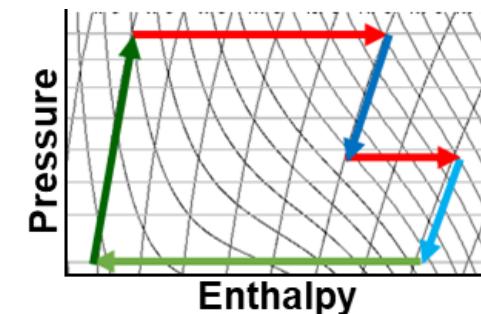


Work supported by US DOE
ARPA-E HITEMMP DE-AR0001129



Competitive vs Organic & Steam Rankine Cycles

- 2-Stage Expansion
- 150°C - 250°C EIT
- Lower cost materials
 - Heat exchangers
 - Expander
- Module size: 1-6 MWe
- Targeting \$2,000/kWe



Market Opportunity: Decarbonize industrial process heating



Renewable Thermal Collaborative, Report in Brief, 02/2021

In the U.S.A., fossil fuel combustion produces heat and steam used for example:

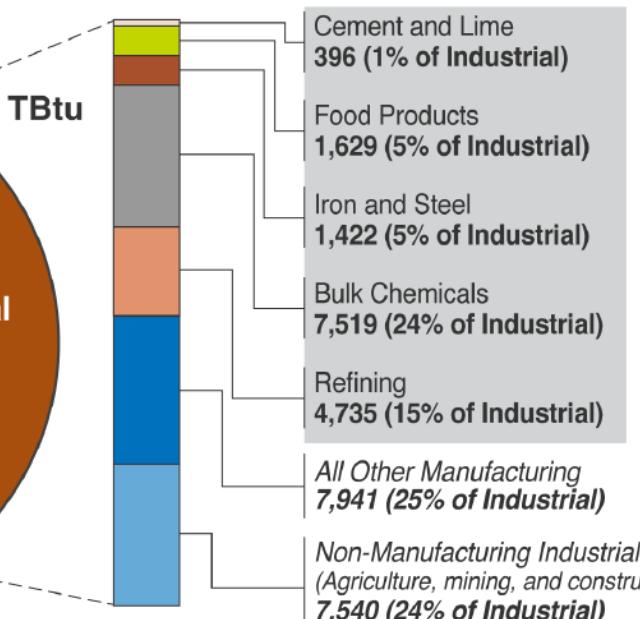
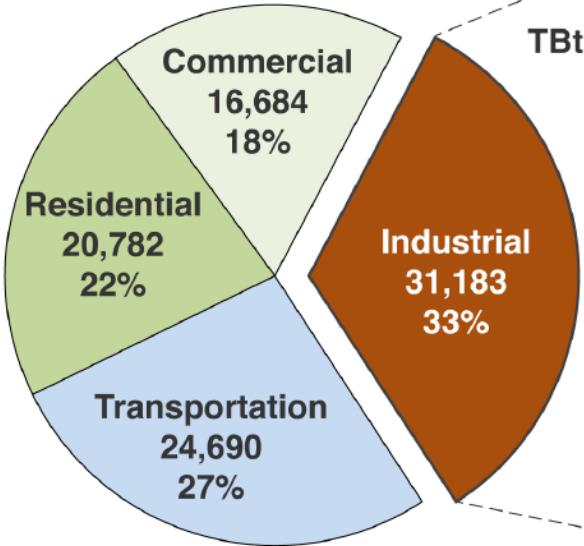
- *Process heating*
- *Process reactions*
- *Process evaporation, concentration, & drying*

Industrial sector currently accounts for ~1/3 of our nation's energy-related CO₂ emissions.

This creates ~52% of the country's industrial direct greenhouse gas emissions.

Industry accounts for 33% of energy consumption & 30% of CO₂ emissions

Energy Consumption

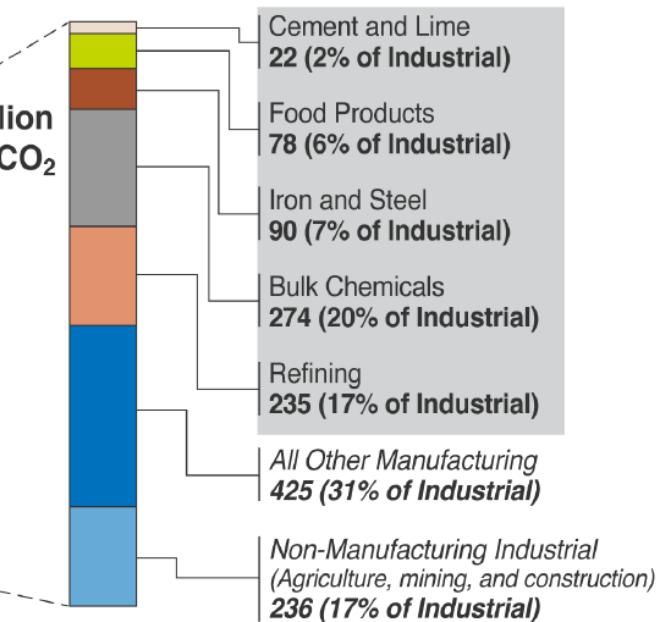
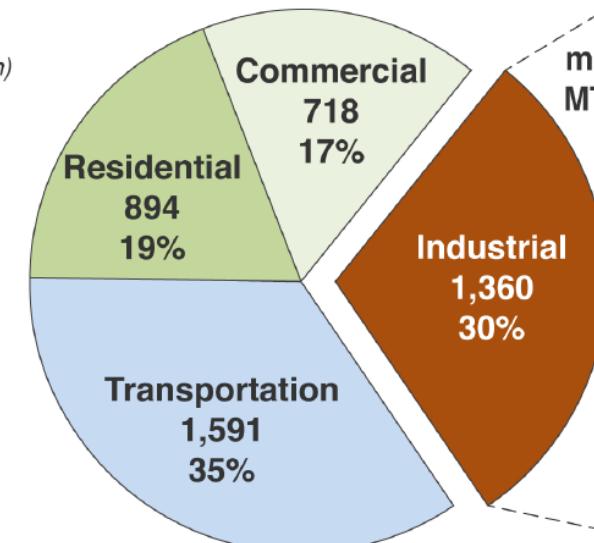


Industrial Decarbonization Roadmap, DOE/EE-2635, US DOE, 9/2022

Five Sectors to Decarbonize

- Chemicals
- Refining
- Food
- Iron & Steel
- Cement & Lime

CO₂ Emissions



U.S. DOE Pathways to Decarbonize Industrial Heat



Electrify industry processes

- Cost effective heat pumps for low temps.
- Electric resistance and electric arc furnaces for medium & high temps.



Green the grid

- Heat pumps abate emissions today
- Greener grid needed to unlock electric resistance abatement potential



Deploy renewable combustible fuels

- Clean hydrogen
- Biomass from waste feedstocks



Deploy renewable technologies

- Solar thermal & thermal storage
- Clean tech combinations e.g., heat pumps with geo or solar thermal



Capture & store carbon

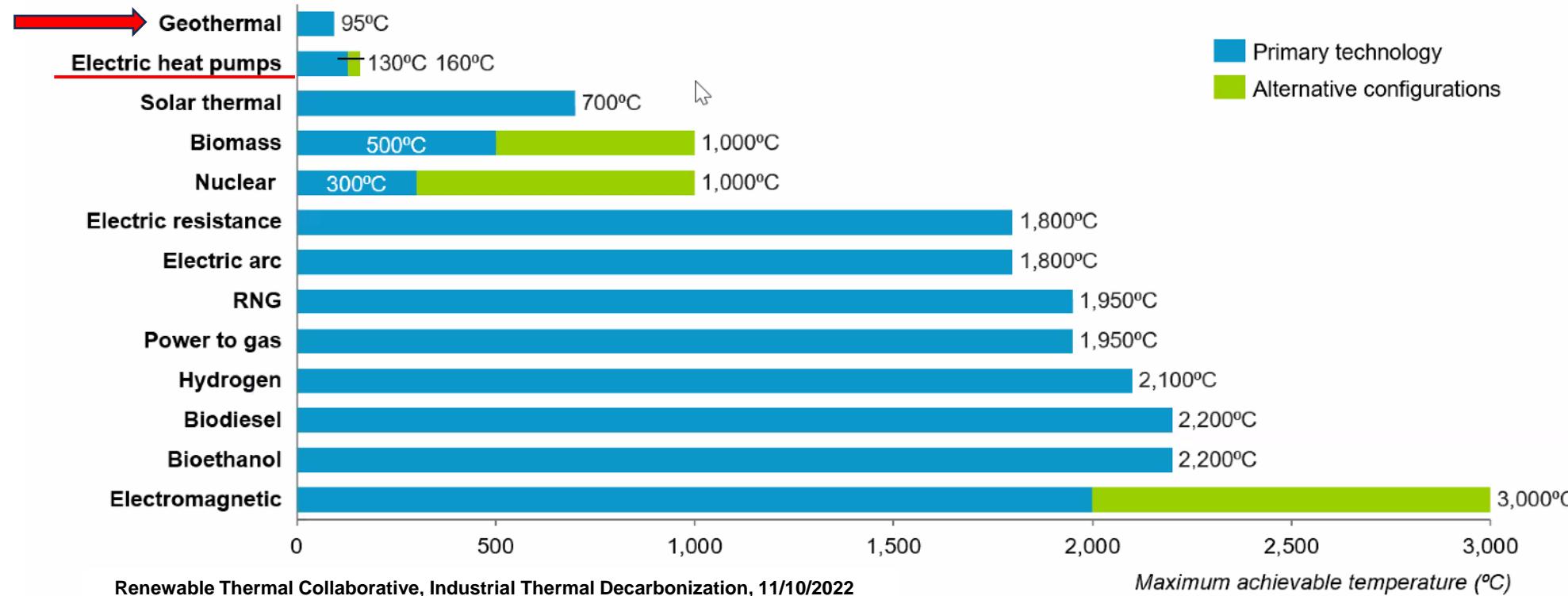
- CCS & DAC
- Bio-energy w/ CCS (BECCS)

Renewable Thermal Collaborative, Industrial Thermal Decarbonization, 11/10/2022

**Product/Solution: High Temperature Heat Pump
to improve process economics and decarbonize industrial heat**

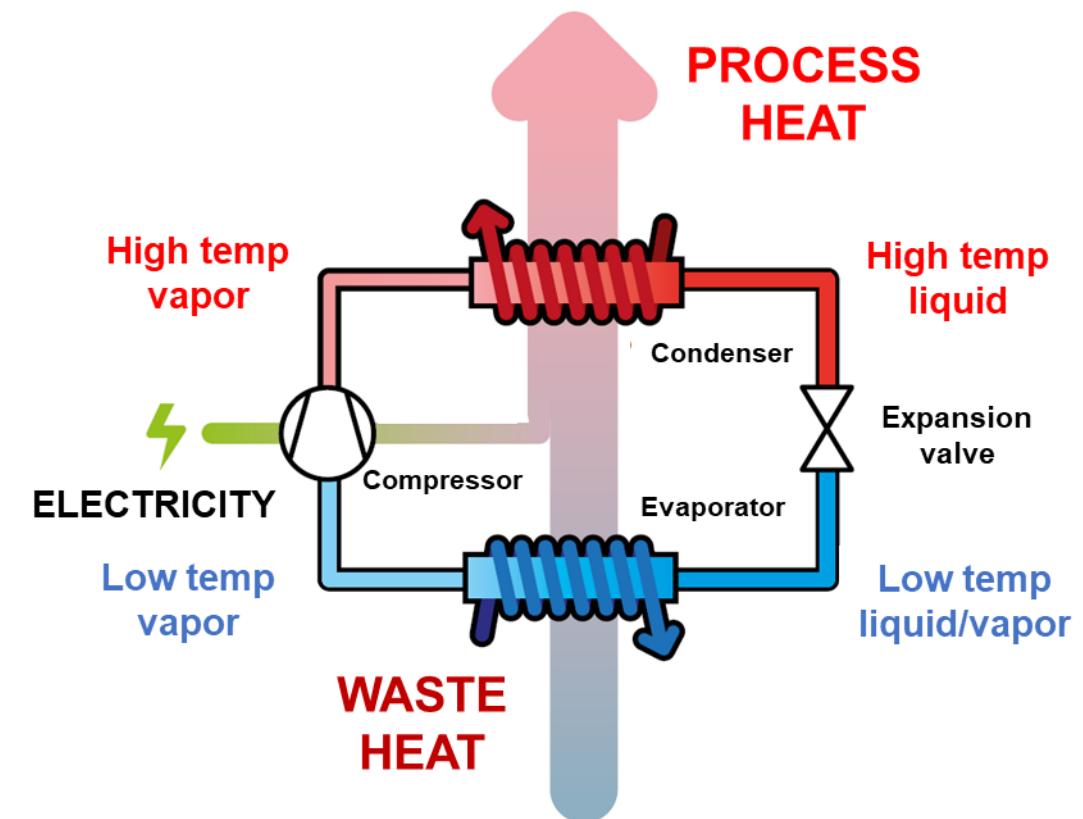
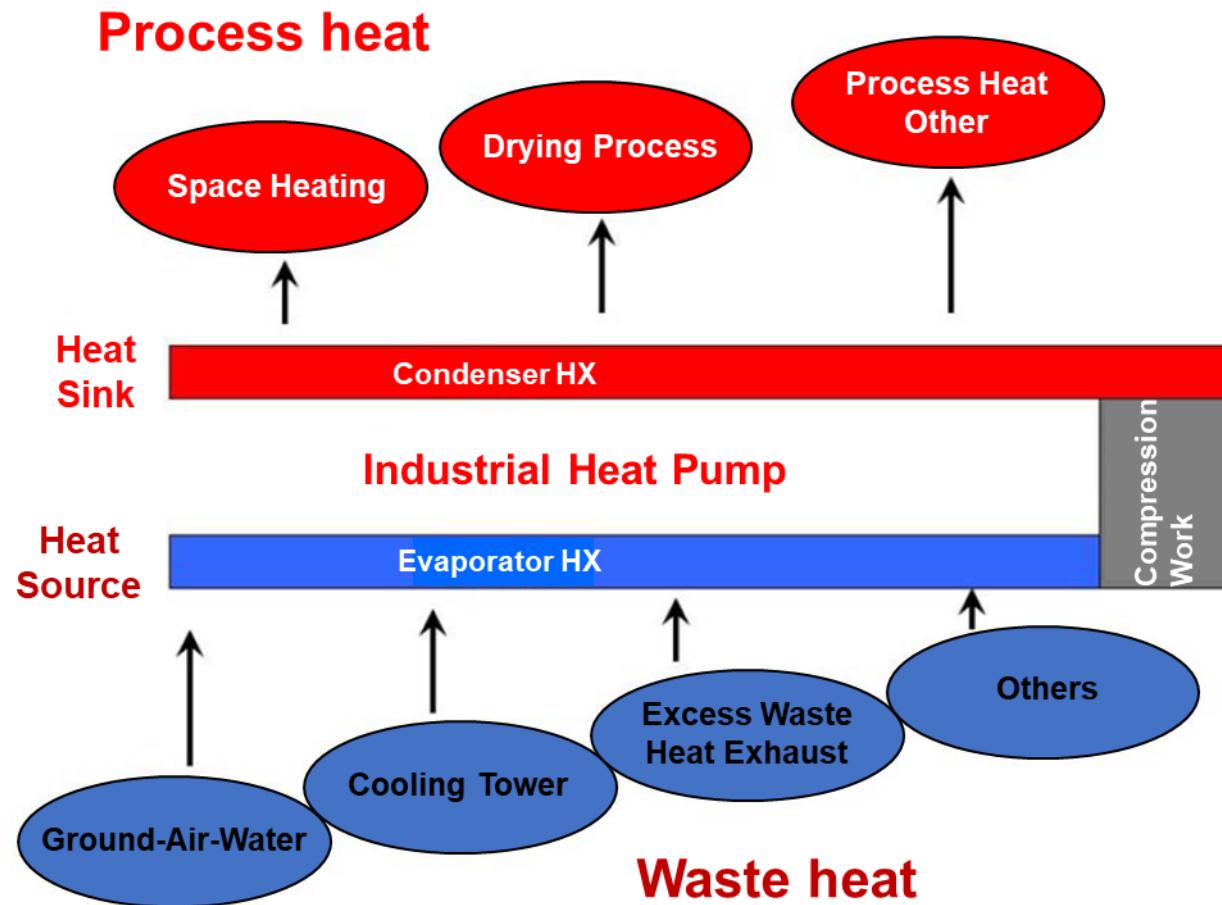
U.S. DOE identified Renewable Thermal Technologies

Available renewable thermal energy technologies and heat temperature range (°C)

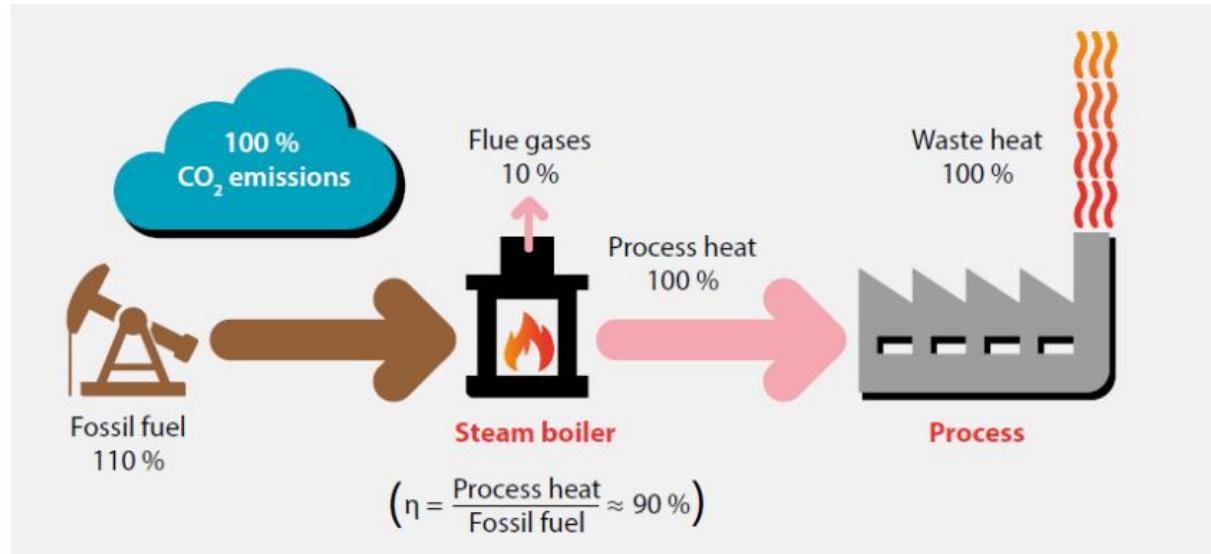


No Geothermal alternative configurations are being considered

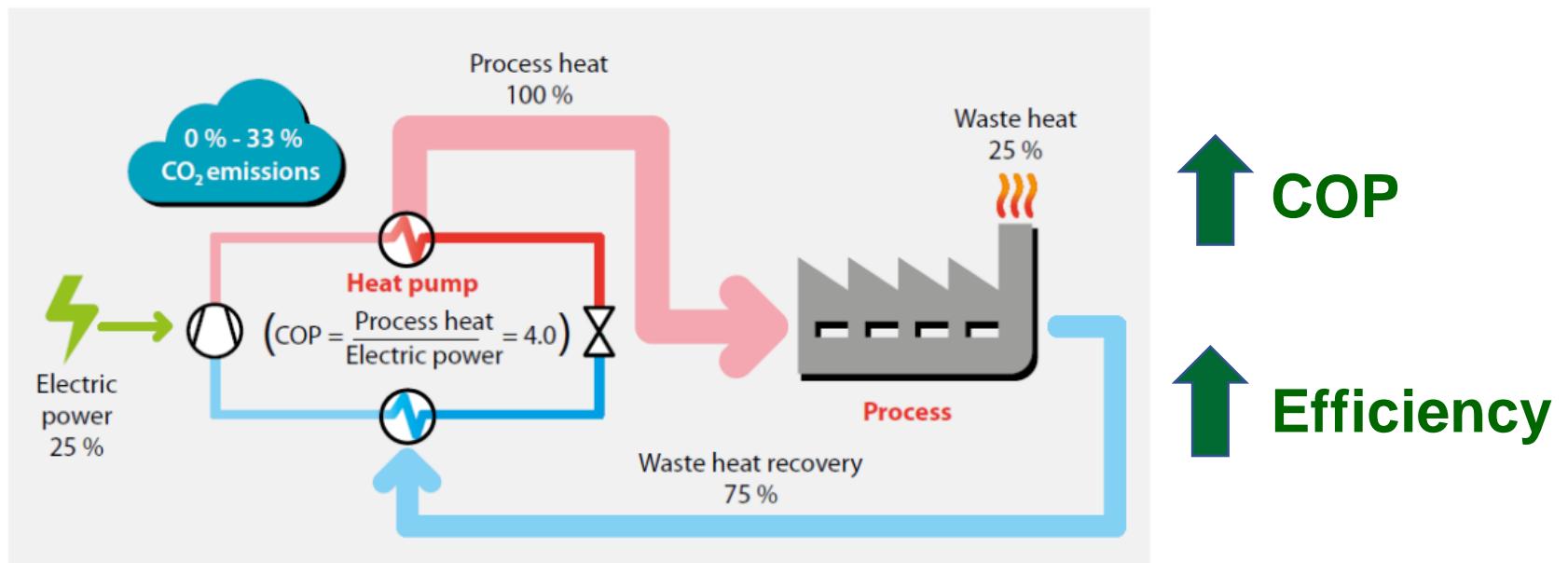
High Temperature Heat Pump Basics



Problem Fossil Fuel Heating

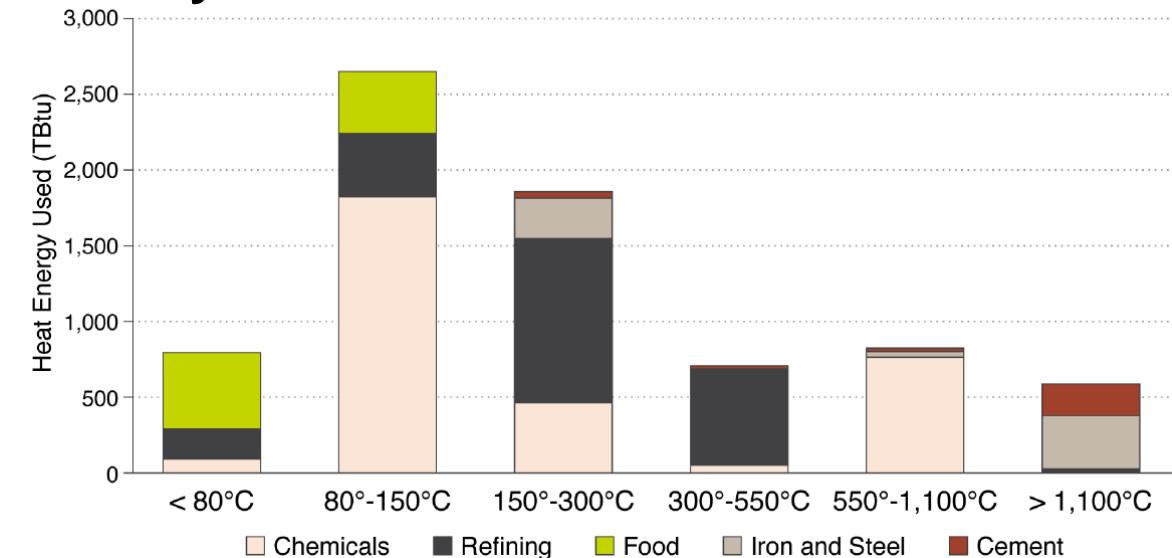
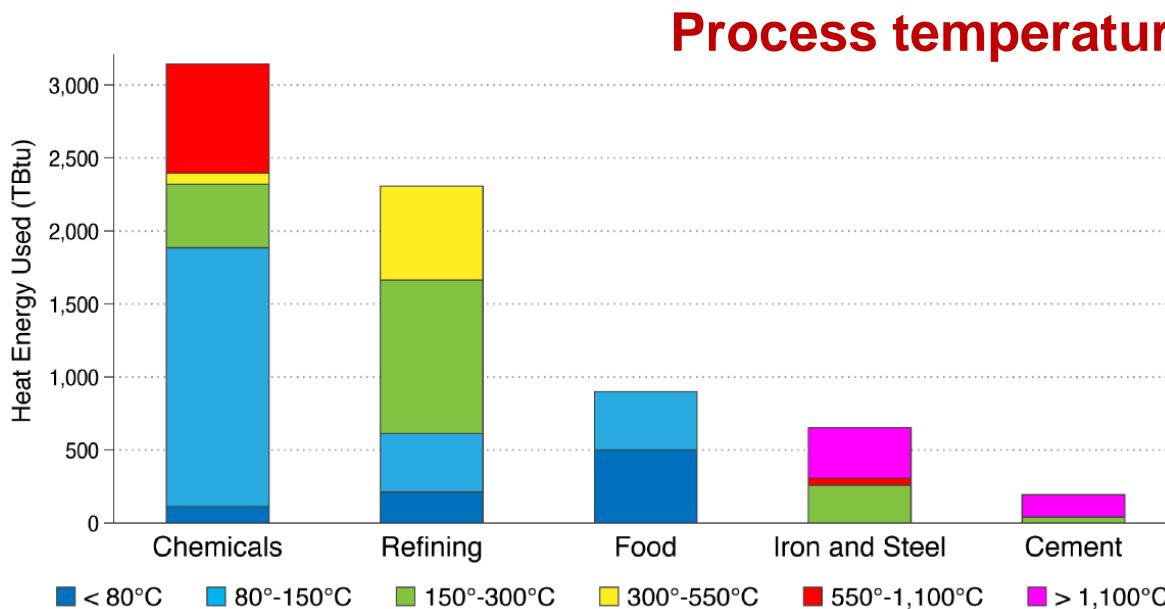


Solution Heat Pump Heating



How can the High Temperature Heat Pump open new markets for Geothermal Energy?

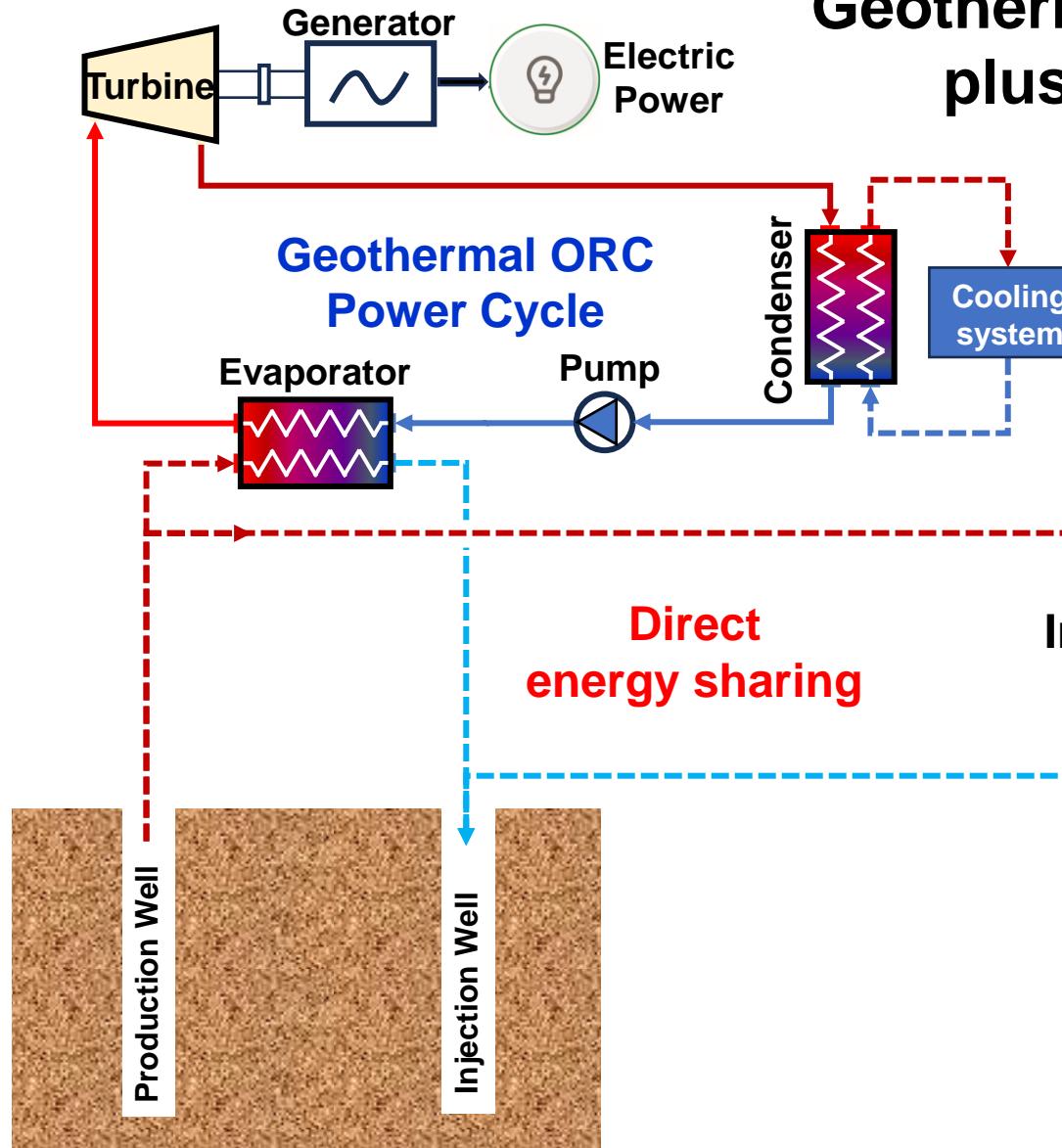
Supply renewable power & high temperature heat to the chemical, refining and food industries



130°C accounts for ~42% of industrial thermal emissions
200°C accounts for ~60% of industrial thermal emissions

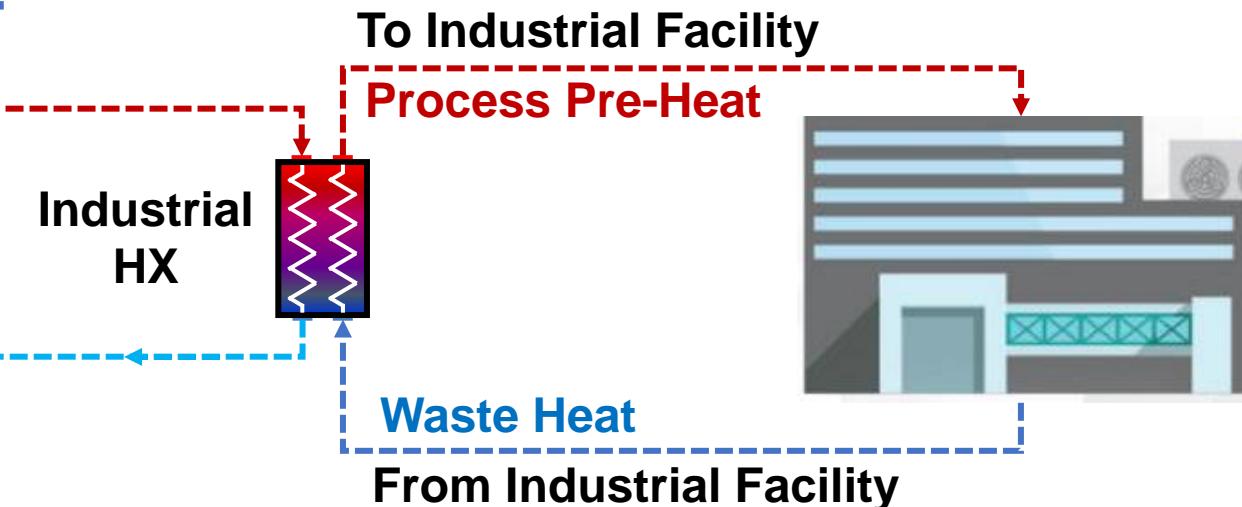
McMillian 2019

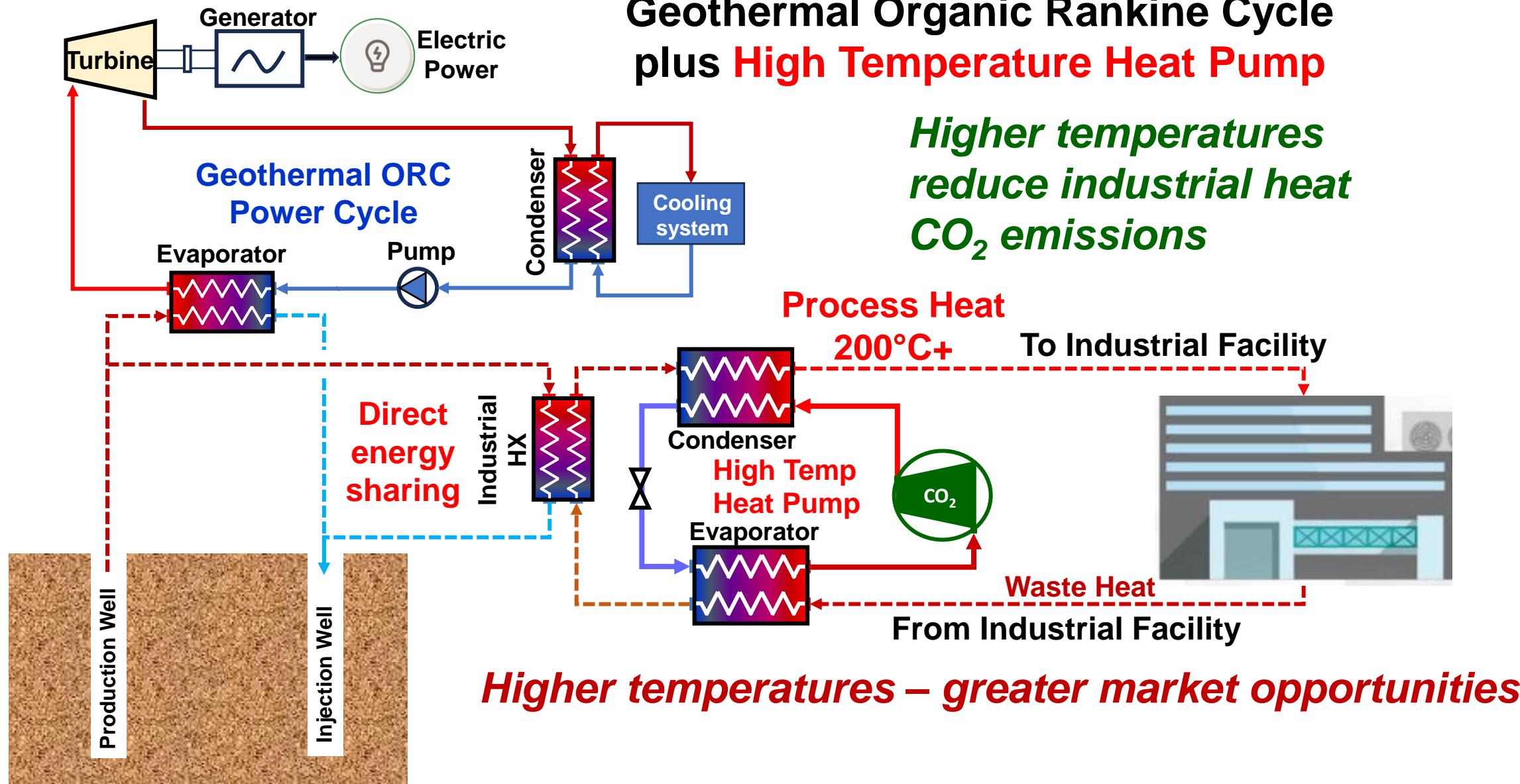
Thermal Process Intensification: Transforming the Way Industry Uses Thermal Process Energy, Advanced Manufacturing Office, May 2022



Geothermal Organic Rankine Cycle plus direct energy sharing

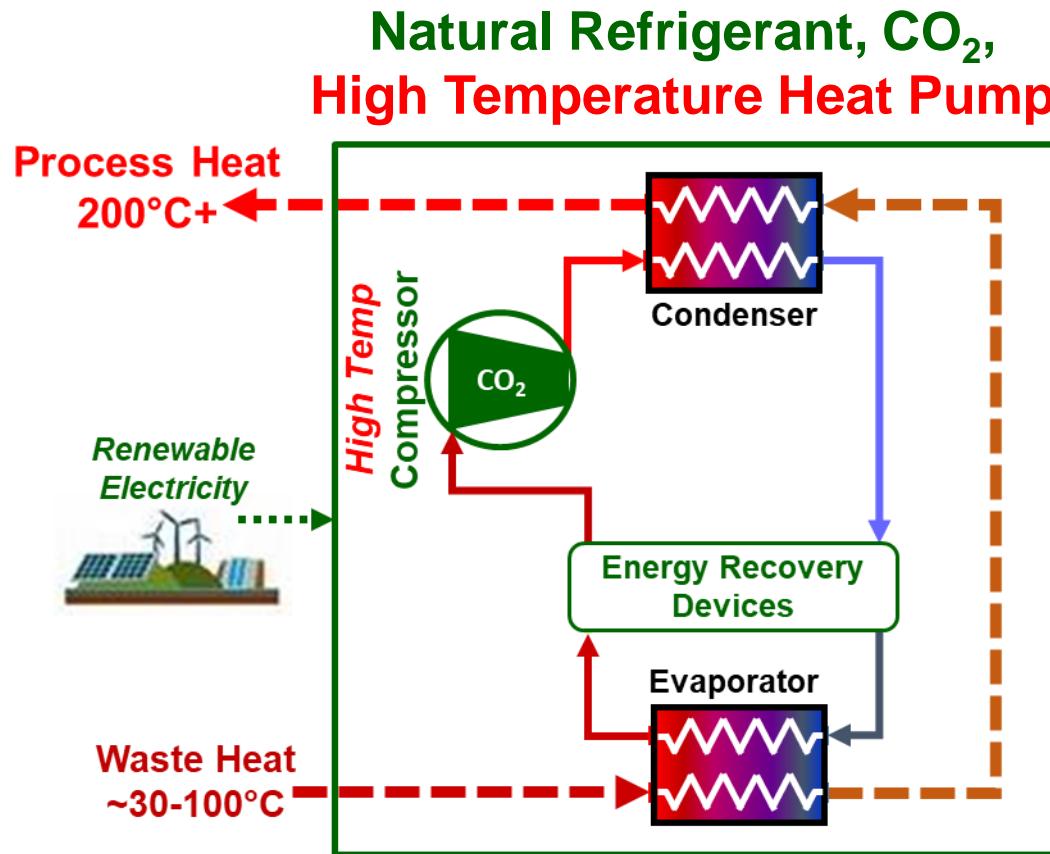
**Example: Pre-heat water to
facility's natural gas boiler**





Higher temperatures – Greater market opportunities

Chemical, Refining and Food Industries



Designed to reduce the cost and environmental impact of process heat.

Options:

- Hot Air
- Hot Water
- Steam
- w/wo Chilled Water

Thank you for your kind attention!

Questions?

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