



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Fossil Energy and
Carbon Management

Carbon Capture Program at DOE

Progress toward decarbonization of Industrial and Power Sectors

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FOSSIL ENERGY AND CARBON MANAGEMENT

April 6, 2022



Legend:

- Light Rare Earth Elements
- Heavy Rare Earth Elements
- Critical Rare Earth Elements
- Critical Minerals

H	He																	He					
Li	Be																	B	C	N	O	F	Ne
Mg																	Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ar	
K	Ca	Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr						
Rb	Sr	Y	Zr	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Te	I	Xe						
Cs	Ba	Hf	Ta	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	Tl	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn							
Fr	Ra	Ac	Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es	Fm	Md	No	Lr							
La	Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Er	Tm	Yb	Lu									



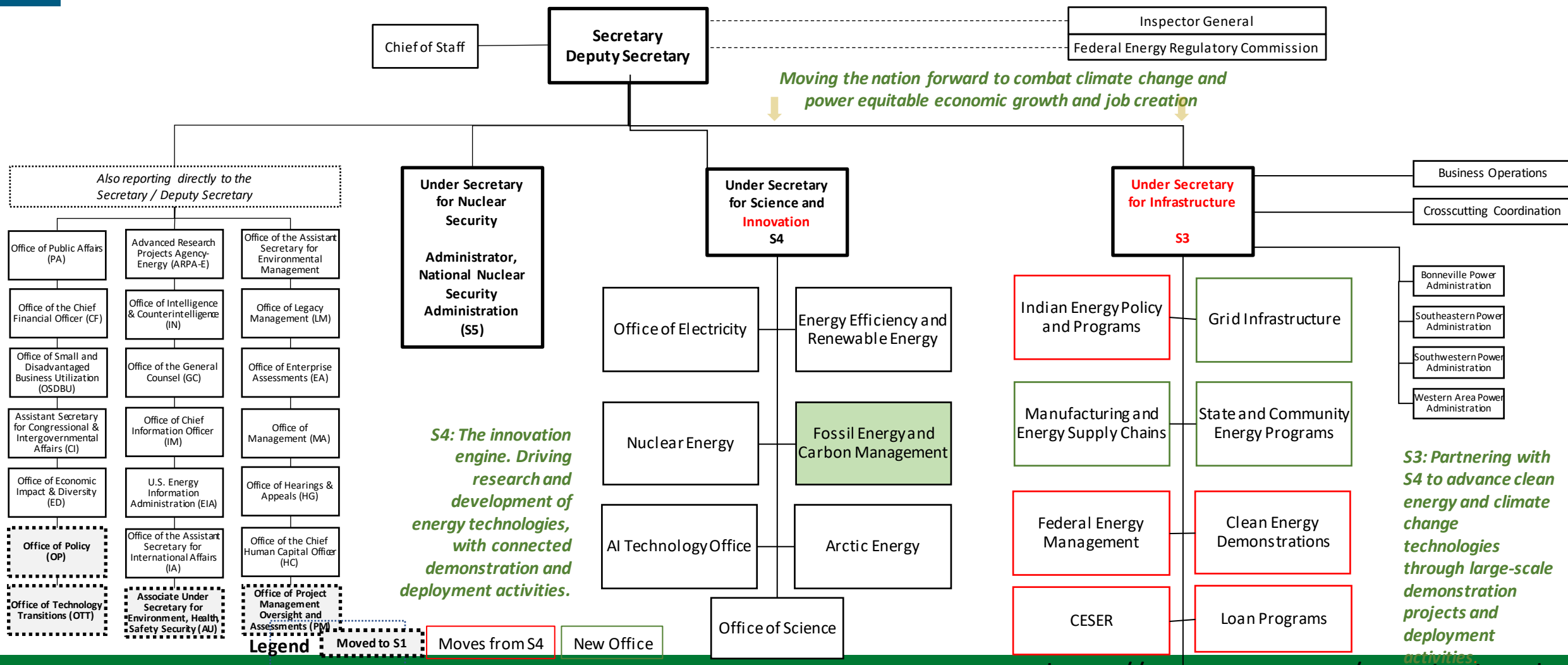
Agenda

- **DOE Realignment**
 - ❑ Fossil Energy and Carbon Management (FECM), Office for Clean Energy Demonstrations (OCED)
- **Infrastructure Bill**
 - ❑ Carbon managements provisions.. CCS Demos, DAC Hubs, Carbon Capture Large Pilots
- **FECM Carbon Capture Program**
 - ❑ Program structure; technical approach; industrial, power, DAC projects (highlights); current FOAs
- **Program Outreach**

Administration's goals:

- ✓ *50% emissions reduction by 2030*
- ✓ *Carbon emissions-free power sector by 2035*
- ✓ *Net zero emissions economy by no later than 2050*

Realigned DOE



<https://www.energy.gov/organization-chart>



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Fossil Energy and Carbon Management (FECM)

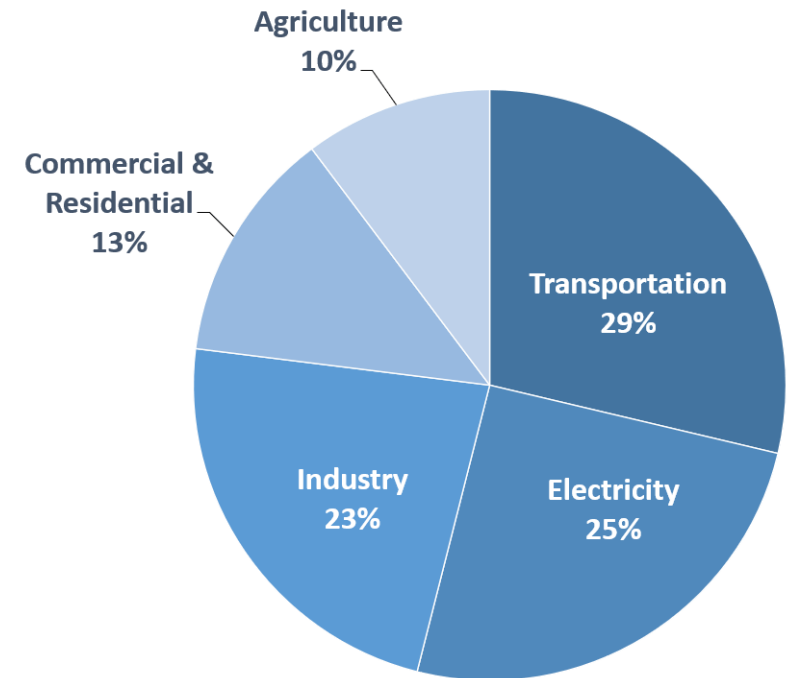
Office of Fossil Energy and Carbon Management

DOE-FE is now DOE-FECM

New name for our office reflects our new vision

- President Biden's goals:
 - 50% emissions reduction by 2030
 - CO₂ emissions-free power sector by 2035
 - Net zero emissions economy by no later than 2050

Total U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions
by Economic Sector in 2019



U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (2021). Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks: 1990-2019

FECM Mission: Deep Decarbonization

Minimize environmental and climate impacts of fossil fuels from extraction to use

Priority Technology Areas

1. Point source carbon capture
2. Carbon dioxide (CO₂) removal
3. CO₂ conversion into products
4. Reliable CO₂ storage
5. Hydrogen production

**Office of Carbon
Management**
(FECM-20)

6. Critical mineral production from industrial and mining waste
7. Methane mitigation

**Office of Resource
Sustainability**
(FECM-30)

Address hardest-to-decarbonize applications in the electricity and industrial sectors

Office of Clean Energy Demonstrations (OCED)

OCED established December 2021

- Builds on existing DOE investments in clean energy research and development
- Increases DOE's partnership with industry leaders

OCED Projects Areas:

- Clean hydrogen
- Carbon capture
- Grid-scale energy storage
- Small modular reactors and more

DOE Will Oversee \$20 Billion Federal Investment to Stand Up Clean Energy Projects Across the U.S. to Reach President Biden's Net-Zero Goals

[DOE Establishes New Office of Clean Energy Demonstrations Under the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law | Department of Energy](#)

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Bipartisan Infrastructure Law

\$10+ billion in new carbon management funding over 5 years through the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Bipartisan Infrastructure Law).

Carbon Dioxide Removal - Direct Air Capture

Regional Direct Air Capture Hubs: \$3.5 billion

DAC Technology Prize Competition: \$115 million

Front-End Engineering Design Studies

Carbon Capture Technology Program: \$100 million

Carbon Dioxide Utilization and Storage

Carbon Storage Validation and Testing: \$2.5 billion

Carbon Utilization Program: \$310 million

Hydrogen Hubs

- \$8 billion (for at least four projects, including at least one using fossil fuels with carbon management)

Carbon Capture Demonstrations and Large Pilots

- \$3.5 billion



Carbon Capture Demonstrations – Key Provisions

Demonstration projects (16 962(b)(2)(C) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 17 16292(b)(2)(C))



\$2.5B

- Establish a demonstration program through a competitive, merit-reviewed process,
- Enter into cooperative agreements for demonstration projects to demonstrate the construction and operation of 6 facilities to capture carbon dioxide from coal electric generation facilities (2 projects), natural gas electric generation facilities (2 projects), and industrial facilities (2 projects).

Each demonstration project shall be designed to further the development, deployment, and commercialization of technologies to capture and sequester carbon dioxide emissions from new and existing coal electric generation facilities, natural gas electric generation facilities, and industrial facilities;

<https://uscode.house.gov/view.xhtml?hl=false&edition=prelim&req=granuleid%3AUSC-prelim-title42-section16292&num=0&saved=%7CKHRpdGxIOjQyIHNIY3Rpb246MTYyOTMgZWVpdGlvbjpwcmVsaW0p%7C%7C%7C0%7Cfalse%7Cprelim>



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Carbon Capture Large Pilots.. Key Provisions

Key BIL Sec. 41004(a)

PROJECTS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out activities under section 7962(b)(2)(B) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 816292(b)(2)(B)) —

- (1) \$387,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
- (2) \$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
- (3) \$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2024; and
- (4) \$150,000,000 for fiscal year 2025.*



The term “large-scale pilot project” means a pilot project that—

(A) represents the scale of technology development beyond laboratory development and bench scale testing, but not yet advanced to the point of **being tested under real operational conditions at commercial scale**;

(B) represents the scale of technology necessary to gain the operational data needed to understand the technical and performance risks of the technology before the application of that technology at commercial scale or in commercial-scale demonstration; and

(C) **is large enough—**

(i) to **validate scaling factors**; and

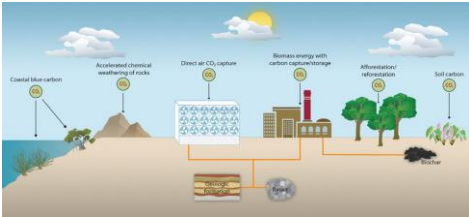
(ii) to demonstrate the interaction between major components so that control philosophies for a new process can be developed and enable the technology to **advance from large-scale pilot project application to commercial-scale demonstration** or application.

<https://uscode.house.gov/view.xhtml?hl=false&edition=prelim&req=granuleid%3AUSC-prelim-title42-section16292&num=0&saved=%7CKHRpdGxIOjQyIHNIY3Rpb246MTYyOTMgZWVpdGlvbjpwcmVsaW0p%7C%7C%7C0%7Cfalse%7Cprelim>

DAC Hubs– Key Provisions

Direct Air Capture Hubs

SEC. 40308. CARBON REMOVAL; *Amended Section 969D of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16298d)*



HUB DEFINITION:

a network of direct air capture projects, potential carbon dioxide utilization offtakers, connective carbon dioxide transport infrastructure, subsurface resources, and sequestration infrastructure located within a region.

Regional DAC Hubs \$3.5 B

FY 22 – FY 26: \$700M / yr.

Each of the 4 regional direct air capture hubs developed shall be a regional direct air capture hub that has the capacity to capture and sequester, utilize, or sequester and utilize at least 1,000,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide from the atmosphere annually from a single unit or multiple interconnected units.



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REGIONAL CARBON MANAGEMENT APPLICANT EDUCATION WORKSHOPS



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USEA
United States Energy Association

Join USEA on April 7th, as we partner with the U.S. Department of Energy's Office of Fossil Energy and Carbon Management (DOE-FECM) for a Virtual Kickoff of its Regional Carbon Management Applicant Education Workshops. These workshops support implementation of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL) and will target potential applicants interested in developing commercial-scale storage facilities, point-source CO₂ capture demonstration projects, direct air capture hubs, hydrogen production hubs with carbon capture and storage (CCS), carbon utilization, and CO₂ transport that will be required by these BIL provisions and support decarbonization.

Selected Agenda Items:

- Components of large-scale projects (DAC Hubs, CCS Demos, H₂ Production Hubs with CCS, Carbon Utilization and CO₂ transport)
- Lessons learned from past demo projects
- DOE procurement requirements and processes
- NEPA requirements
- Environmental Justice and Community engagements
- Energy Jobs;
- Partnering with Tribal Nations

Virtual Event: April 7th (1:00 PM, EST)

In-person Regional Events

- April 13th: Columbus, OH
- April 19th: New Orleans, LA
- April 26th: Salt Lake City, UT

https://us02web.zoom.us/webinar/register/WN_FsT1PNd6RCOPp6oRn3-Tcg



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Carbon Capture Program...Mission

- Mission

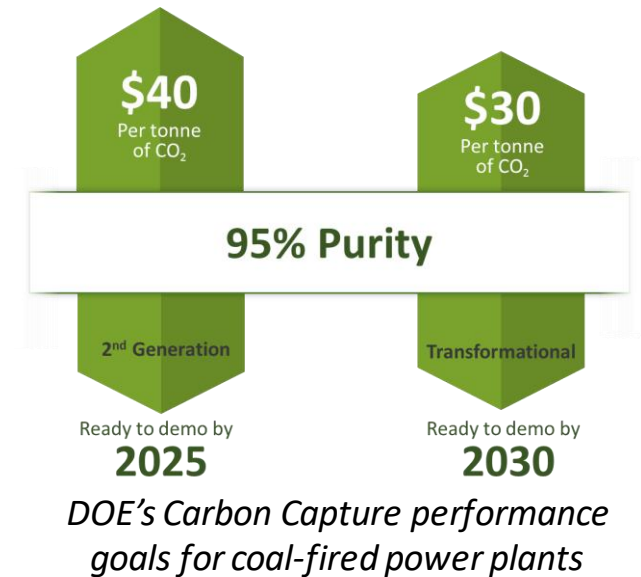
- Develop cost-effective point source capture and CDR technologies throughout the power-generation and industrial sectors
- Ensure the U.S. will continue to have access to safe, reliable, & affordable low-carbon energy generation

- Drivers/Challenges

- Reduce carbon capture CAPEX/OPEX under a wide range of feed conditions and high capture efficiencies
- Demonstrate first-of-a-kind carbon capture coupled to dedicated and reliable carbon storage, that will lead to commercially viable nth-of-a-kind opportunities for widescale deployment

- Goal & Metrics

- Support U.S goal to achieve carbon pollution-free power sector by 2035 and zero-carbon economy by 2050



National Carbon Capture Center

Photo Source: Southern Company Services

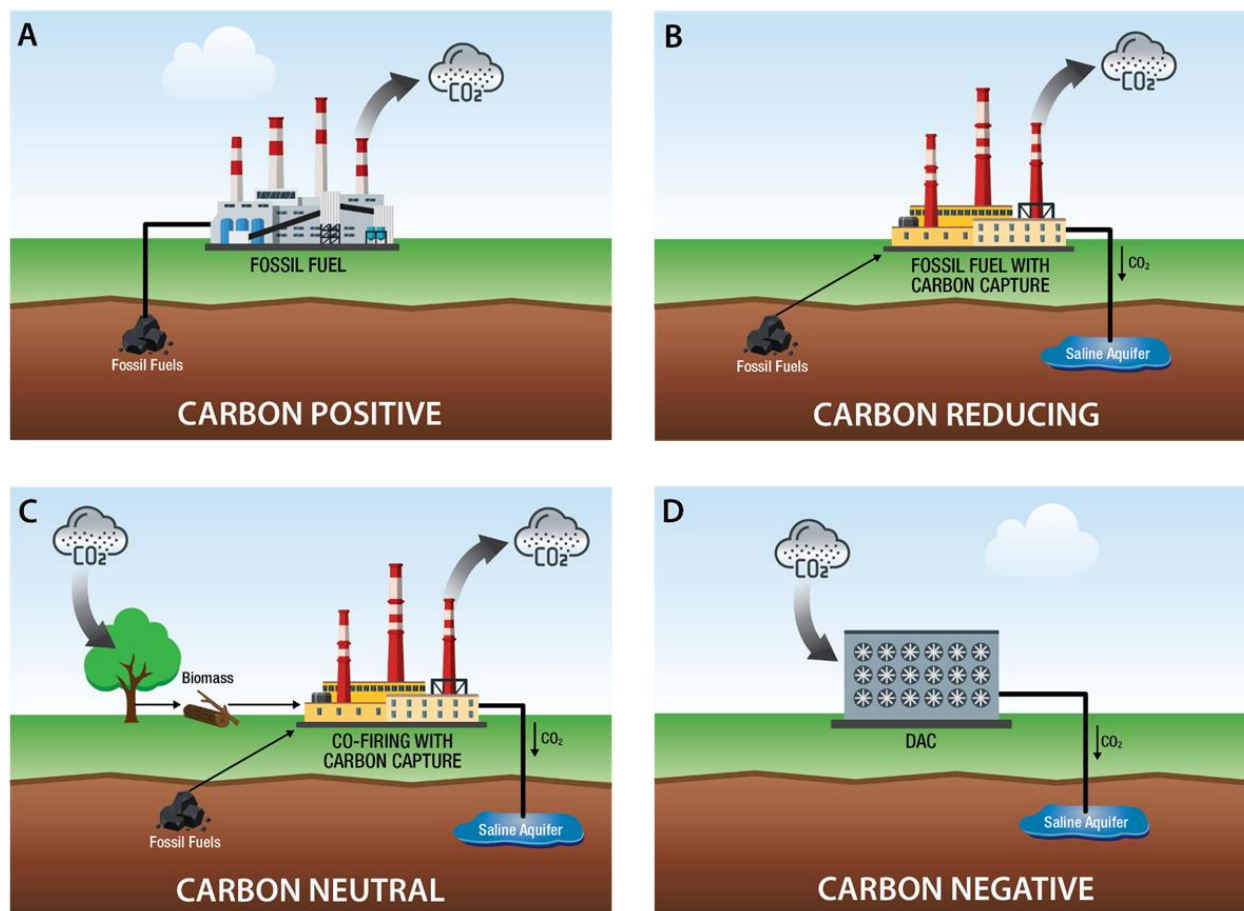


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Carbon Dioxide Removal vs Carbon Reducing



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Carbon Negative vs. Carbon Reducing

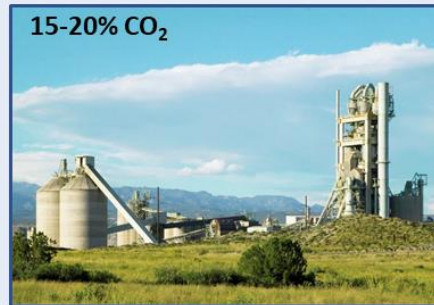
CARBON REDUCING

Point-Source Capture (PSC) for Power Generation and Industrial Sectors



NG: 4 % CO₂

Power Plants



15-20% CO₂

Cement Plants



20% CO₂

Steel Plants

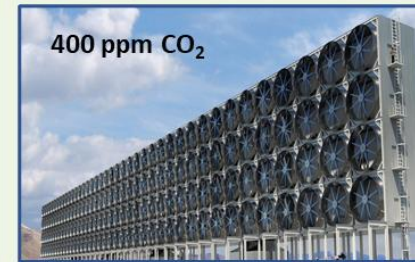


15 – 45% CO₂

Hydrogen Plants

CARBON NEGATIVE

Carbon Dioxide Removal (CDR) from Air



400 ppm CO₂

Direct Air Capture ⁽¹⁾



Enhanced Weathering



Bioenergy Carbon Removal and Storage (BiCRS)

⁽¹⁾ Assume C storage as CO₂ off-take



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Develop PSC / CDR technologies for a wide range of feed conditions

Carbon Capture Program...Evolution

1st and 2nd Generation Technologies

2025: \$40/tonne CO₂



2008 -

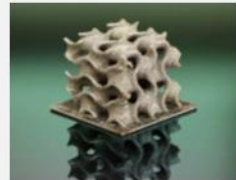
- ✓ Lower CAPEX/OPEX
- ✓ Reduced regeneration energy
- ✓ Increased working capacity

Transformational Technologies

2030: \$30/tonne CO₂



Hollow Fibers



3D Print



Biphase Solvent

2015 -

- ✓ Water Lean Solvents
- ✓ Adv. Membranes
- ✓ Hybrid Systems
- ✓ Process Intensification

Scale-up



TCM

2018 -

- ✓ Engineering Scale testing
- ✓ FEED studies

Negative Emissions Technologies & Industrial



Carbon Engineering, DAC



Ethanol Plant

2020 -

- ✓ DAC & BiCRS
- ✓ Industrial
- ✓ NG

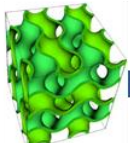
Point Source Capture Program

Integrated Approach to Accelerate Technology Development

Lab & Bench



TRL 2-4



Small Pilots



TRL 4-5



Large Pilots



TRL 5-7



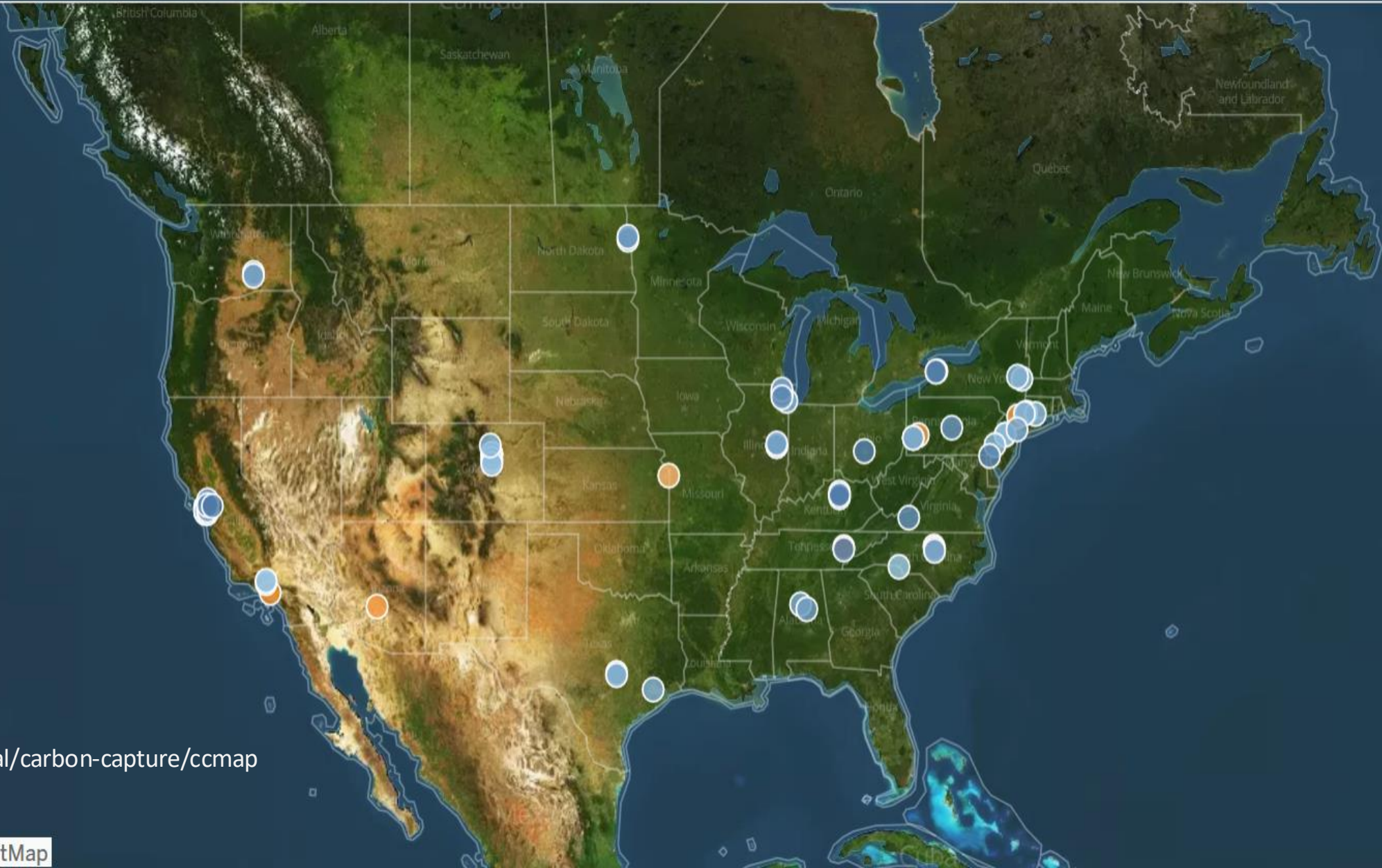
FEED Studies



Point Source Capture Focus

- Develop capture technologies for the power and industrial sectors
- Reduce CAPEX/OPEX under a wide range of feed conditions
- Achieve high capture efficiencies (>95%)
- Maximize co-benefit pollutant removal
- Engineering-based Simulation (CCSI²)
- Create low-carbon supply chains (i.e., cement, steel, hydrogen, etc.)

Carbon Capture Interactive Project Map

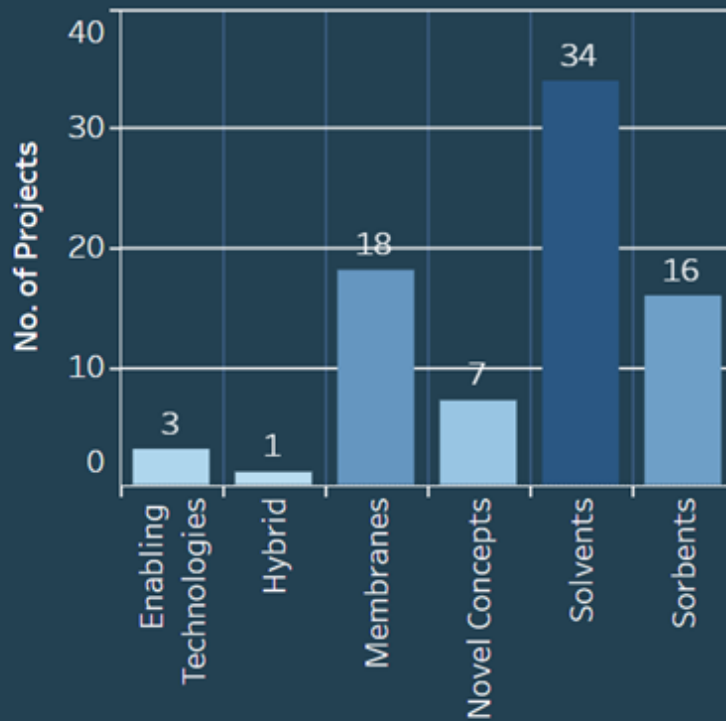


<https://netl.doe.gov/coal/carbon-capture/ccmap>

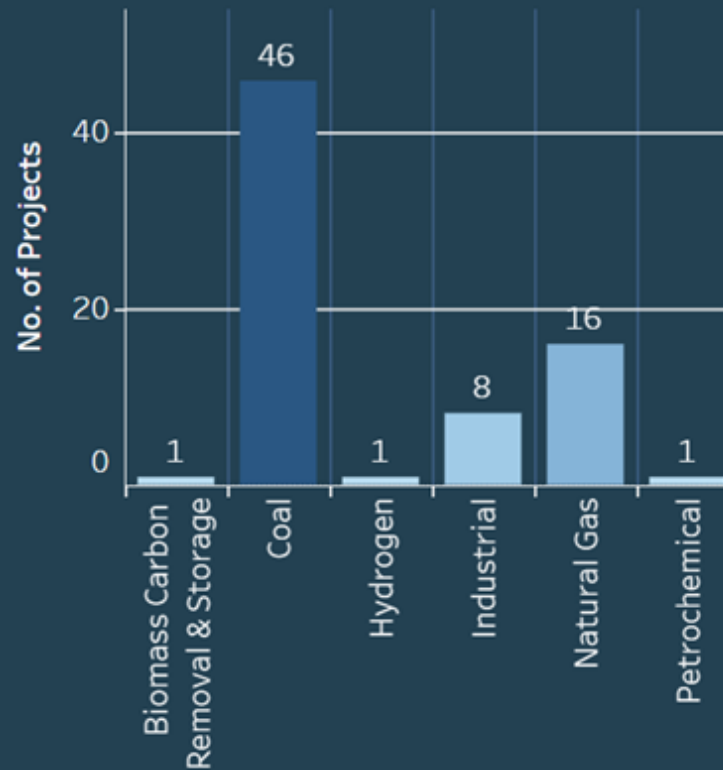
Point Source Capture Program

Project Distribution

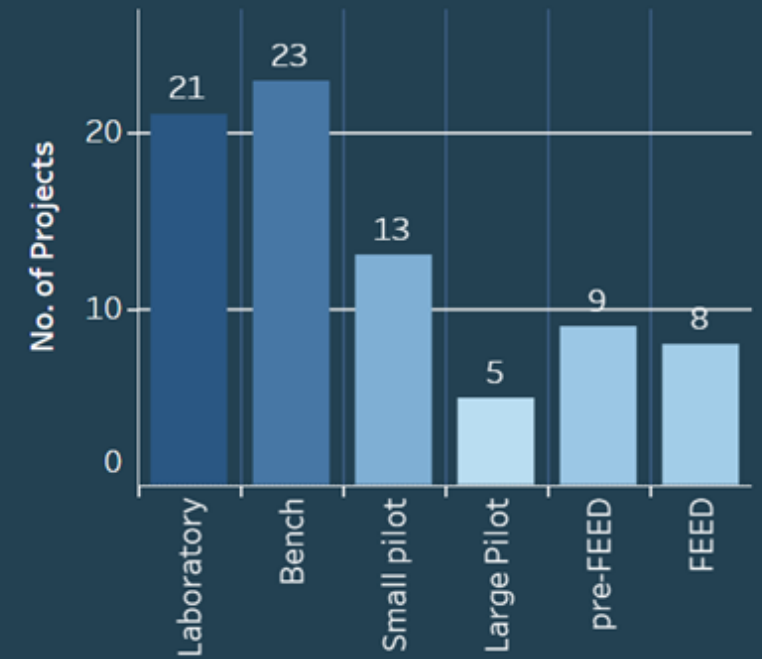
Key Technology



Application Type



Ending Scale



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Pre-Commercial.. Industrial (TRL 6+)

Ethanol



Hybrid absorption & liquefaction system

Cement



MTR's membrane technology



VeloxoTherm™ adsorption-based process

Steel



ION Clean Energy's water-lean solvent-based technology

Steam Methane Reforming



Linde-BASF technology using OASE® blue solvent

Industrial Capture: Cement (pre-FEED)

Electricore, Inc.

*Sorbent-based
Post-Combustion CO₂ Capture*



LafargeHolcim Portland Cement Plant in Florence, CO

CHALLENGE:

- CO₂ capture from cement plant flue gas at commercial scale

SOLUTION:

- Svante's low CAPEX solid sorbent technology

Key Process Features and Objectives

- Complete a pre-FEED analysis for VeloxoTherm™ capture system installed at a LafargeHolcim-owned cement plant
 - Phase 1: select preferred design & plant capacity
 - Phase 2: CAPEX & OPEX estimates
- Identify plausible CO₂ storage options



Project Development and Goals - 2021

- Design a 1.5 mtpa capture system to remove CO₂ from cement kiln flue gas (14% conc.) & CO₂ from natural gas-fired steam generator (8.5% conc.)
- Pre-feasibility report completed



Project Benefits

- Reduced CAPEX as compact equipment (rotary adsorption system) to capture & release CO₂ & regenerate the sorbent
- First commercial scale Svante capture plant



LafargeHolcim



Kiewit



ELECTRICORE
POWERING THE FUTURE



TOTAL

Svante



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FOA 2515: 2nd Closing

Carbon Capture R&D For Natural Gas and Industrial Point Sources and FEED Studies for Carbon Capture Systems at Industrial Facilities and Natural Gas Plants

Closing Date: 04/11/2022

This FOA has a dual focus for natural gas & industrial applications:

1. FEED studies using Generation 2 system capable of $\geq 95\%$ CO₂ capture
2. Develop lower-cost, highly efficient, transformational carbon capture technologies

Area of Interest
AOI 4: Carbon Capture R&D: Laboratory-Scale Testing of Highly-Efficient Materials or Novel Concepts for Natural Gas Combined Cycle (NGCC) Power Plants
AOI 5: Engineering-Scale Testing of Transformational Post-Combustion Carbon Capture Technologies for NGCC power plants
AOI 6: Engineering-Scale Testing of Transformational Carbon Capture Technologies for Industrial Plants and Waste-to-Energy Plants
AOI 7: Front-End Engineering Design Studies for Carbon Capture Systems at Existing (Retrofit) Domestic Industrial Facilities and NGCC Power Plants

Pre-Commercial.. H₂ Generation (TRL 6+)

Advanced CCS Systems for SMR



Svante VeloxoTherm™ solid adsorbent at Linde SMR H₂ plant

- ▶ ~1,100,000 tonnes/year net CO₂ capture
- ▶ 90% Capture Efficiency
- ▶ Production of “blue” H₂ with 99.97% purity



Gen 1 CCS technology at Phillips 66 refinery in Rodeo, California

- ▶ Separate & store ~190,000 tons/year net CO₂ from hydrogen production unit with >90% carbon capture efficiency

Advanced CCUS +for ATR



CO₂ Capture Unit at Tallgrass MLP Operations LLC's Planned Blue Bison ATR Plant

- ▶ Separate and store 1.66 million tonnes/year of 95% pure CO₂ with >97% carbon capture efficiency
- ▶ System combining carbon capture, H₂ production (220 MMSCFD at 99.97% purity), and H₂ combustion in auxiliary burners

Industrial Capture: H₂ SMR (pre-FEED)

Linde Inc.

*Advanced Aqueous Amine
Post-Combustion CO₂
Capture*



Steam Methane Reformer (SMR)

CHALLENGE:

- CO₂ capture from steam methane reformer flue gas at 90% efficiency with minimum impact on cost of H₂

SOLUTION:

- Advanced aqueous amine solvent (BASF's OASE® blue) combined with high-capacity structured packing

Key Process Features and Objectives

- Design a hybrid system and complete pre-FEED analysis for green field SMR plant for a refinery in LA.
- Utilize commercially available chemical absorption technology
- Utilize existing natural gas boilers to supply steam



Project Development and Goals- 2020

- Capture technology tested from 2009-2017
- Design a ~3,500 tonnes CO₂/day capture system



Project Benefits

- Recovers >90% of the CO₂ from the flue gas stream produced by a reformer
- Higher CO₂ content in SMR flue gas (~22% by vol. dry basis)
- Eligibility for 45Q tax credits



FOA 2400: 2nd Closing

*CLEAN HYDROGEN PRODUCTION, STORAGE, TRANSPORT AND UTILIZATION
TO ENABLE A NET ZERO CARBON ECONOMY*

Closing Date: 03/30/2022

Area of Interest
AOI-8a: Front-End Engineering Design Studies for Carbon Capture Systems at Domestic Steam Methane Reforming (SMR) Facilities Producing H2 from Natural Gas
AOI-8b: Front-End Engineering Design Studies for Carbon Capture Systems at Domestic Autothermal Reforming (ATR) Facilities Producing H2 from Natural Gas

[FundOpp_DE-FOA-0002400_Amd_000007.pdf](#)



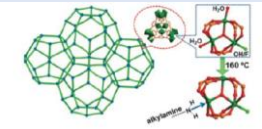
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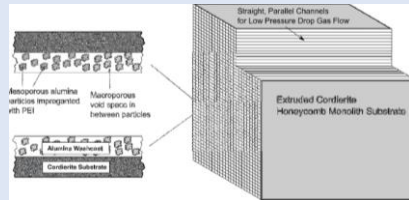
FECM DAC Technology Development

Gen 1

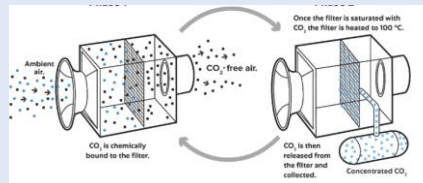
**Materials
(TRL 2-3)**



**Structured
Material Systems /
Components (TRL 3)**



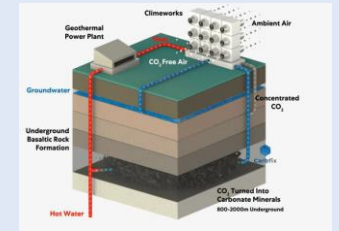
**Bench Scale /
Integrated system
(TRL 4)**



**Field Demo
Integrated System
(TRL 4-5)**



**Pre- FEED /
FEED (TRL 6+)**



FOA 2402

\$8M
FY 21

FOA 2402 | **FOA 2560**

\$7.5M
FY 20

FY 22?

Gen 2

FOA 2188

\$11M
FY 20-21

FOA 2402

\$10.2M
FY 21

NOI 2684

FY 22?

NOI 2684

FY 22?

DAC Funding 2020-22

FY 20

FY 21

FY 22

Funding

\$14,250,000

\$26,439,000

~ \$10,500,000

FEEDs for DAC Coupled to Low Carbon Energy Sources

Closing Date: 12/22/2021

AOI 1: FEED Studies for DAC Systems at Existing (retrofit) Domestic Nuclear Power Plants

AOI 2: FEED Studies for DAC Systems at Existing (retrofit) Domestic Geothermal Resources

AOI 3: FEED Studies for DAC Systems Using Waste Heat at Existing (retrofit) Domestic Industrial Plants Coupled with CO₂ Conversion Producing Low Carbon Intensity Products



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DAC systems with dedicated carbon storage and existing low-carbon energy

Carbon Capture Program.. Outreach



Carbon Capture Newsletter



Carbon Capture Program
R&D Compendium



Carbon Capture
Program Website



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Questions?

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Legend:

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- Heavy Rare Earth Elements
- Critical Rare Earth Elements
- Critical Minerals

H	He																	He															
Li	Be																	B	C	N	O	F	Ne										
Mg																	Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ar											
K	Ca	Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr																
Rb	Sr	Y	Zr	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Te	I	Xe																
Cs	Ba		Hf	Ta	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	Tl	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn																
Fr	Ra		Rf	Db	Sg	Bh	Hs	Mt	Ds	Rg	Cn	Nh	Fl	Mc	Lv	Ts	Og																
																		La	Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Er	Tm	Yb	Lu	
																		Ac	Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es	Fm	Md	No	Lr	

* Gas. ** Liquid. *** Solid. **** Not included with rare earth elements.

